## **CONTREL EUROPE nv**

W-90.05.02



Date: 23-08-2022 Version: 1.0

MRI information for Health Care Providers GyneFix®/GYN-CS®/ReLARC®

## GyneFix°/GYN-CS°/ReLARC° with MRI

Non-clinical testing has demonstrated that "GyneFix\*/GYN-CS\*/ReLARC\*" is MR Conditional. A patient with this device can be safely scanned in an MR system meeting the following conditions:

Static magnetic field of 1.5 Tesla and 3 Tesla, with:

- Maximum spatial field gradient of 12,900 G/cm (129 T/m)
- Maximum force product of 229,000,000 G2/cm (229 T2/m)
- Theoretically estimated maximum whole body averaged (WBA) specific absorption rate (SAR) of 2 W/kg (Normal Operating Mode)

The test object GyneFix® 330/GyneFix® 10/GYN-CS® 10/ReLARC® 10 has been exposed within a 64 MHz RF-laboratory system (equivalent 1.5 Tesla) and within a 128 MHz RF-laboratory system (equivalent 3 Tesla).

Results of temperature increases are shown below:

| Test configuration and test run  | Exposure to 1.5 T | Exposure to 3 T |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|
| Maximum temperature rise at the test object (°C)   | 2.8               | 5.0             |
| Local SAR in relation with the temperature probe showing max. temperature rise at the test object (W/kg)                                       | 10.8              | 19.1            |
| Maximum temperature difference between the temperature rise of the test object and phantom background temperature on the control test run (°C) | 0.5               | 1.0             |
| Maximum temperature increase per local SAR (from control test) oC/W/kg   | 0.3               | 0.3             |
| Hole body averaged SAR, measured calorimetrically (W/kg)   | 2.8               | 3.5             |
| Local SAR of reference probe P4 measured calorimetrically (W/kg)   | 10.18-10.55       | 16.61-16.8      |
| Scanning duration of sequence (min)  | 15                | 15              |

(Ref: Test Report MR: comp GmbH TR1174-304)

Results of measurement of magnetically induced torque are shown below:

| Upper bound of the magnetically | Worst case torque due to gravity | ASTM F2213-17 (2017) requirement for MR      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| induced torque                  |                                  | safety (torque): magnetically induced torque |
|                                 |                                  | < worst-case torque                          |
| 0.01 mNm                        | ≈ 0.2 mNm                        | Fulfilled                                    |

(Ref: Test Report MR: comp GmbH TR1174-302)

Results of measurement of magnetically induced displacement force are shown below:

| Force due to gravity | Deflection angle | At technically<br>accessible spatial<br>gradient I ▽B I | At magnetic field strength B | Magnetically induced displacement force |
|----------------------|------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| 4.45 mN              | 1.0°             | ≈ 4.51 T/m  | ≈ 1.78 T                     | 0.08 mN ± 0.03 mN                       |

(Ref: Test Report MR: comp GmbH TR1174-301)

The values of the detected deflection angles in the tests are below  $45^{\circ}$ , which results in a magnetically induced displacement force  $F_{m \, mean}$  for the test object which is less than the force on the test object due to gravity.

Results of evaluation of MR Image Artifacts from passive implants are shown below:

| Worst-case artifacts of | Spin Echo        | Gradient Echo    |
|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Test object length      | 7.5 mm ± 2.0 mm  | 9.3 mm ± 2.5 mm  |
| Test object diameter    | 10.6 mm ± 2.8 mm | 14.2 mm ± 3.7 mm |

(Ref: Test Report MR: comp GmbH TR 1174-305)